NETWORKING

1. A network between organisations that allow external users to have limited access to their resources is called ...

A Extranet. B Intranet. C Local Area Network. D Wide Area Network.

2. The resources of a private network can be protected from outside users using a A firewall. B router. C server. D switch.

3. A huge network made up of smaller networks is known as ...

A the Internet. B a local area network.

C a metropolitan area network. D a wireless network.

4. Communication using computer and mobile devices is called

A IT B. ICT C. Link. D. Network.

5. Which of the following set of items satisfies construction of a network in a school computer room?

A. NIC, UTP-cable, computer and server B. NIC, UTP-cable, computers and switch C. NIC, UTP-cable, ISP and computers D. NIC, UTP-cable, ISP and server

6. The following are reasons of networking computers except A easy communication. B easy virus distribution.

C sharing of files and software. D sharing of peripheral hardware.

7. What term is given to a Local Area Network which is private to a company but information is accessed the same way as on the internet?

A Extranet B Globalnet C Internet D Intranet

- 8. WAN stands for...
- A Wide Area Network.
- B Wider Area Network.
- C WIFI Area Network.

D World Area Network.

9. The term that refers to the methods and equipment used to gather, process, communicate and store information is.....

A computer processing. B information networks. C information technology. D networked computers.

10. Computer networks that are connected between distant towns are called A LANS B MANS C. WANS D. Wi-Fi

11. To prevent unauthorised users on the network, users are always required to... A cold boot. B log on. C reboot. D connect.

12. Which of the following is a network of computers that are found in one building? A LAN B PAN C SAN D WAN

13. The abbreviation VGA stands for.....

14. is the identity given to a user on a network 15. is an internal network that uses technologies of the Internet to enable

communication between people

16. The two resources that are most likely to be shared in a computer network are and......

17. The is a network of networks in which millions of computers exchange information around the world

NETWORKING

- 18. A network formed using two phones to exchange music is called
- 19. To use a computer network, a user must first log on by entering the user ID and...
- 20. is making data unreadable during transmission over a network.
- 21. A network system designed and created to cover only an individual's digital devices in a home is called...
- 22. Weluzani, a learner at Chato Secondary School, uses a wireless network connection to the internet for research.
- (a) What is a wireless network?
- (b) State one advantage and one disadvantage of wireless network.

(c) Mention one hardware equipment needed for Weluzani's computer to have a wireless connection on the internet.

(d) Give two methods the school can use to prevent unauthorized access to its wireless network.

- (a) Explain the meaning of the term LAN.
- (b) Give one disadvantage of networking computers.
- (c) What do the letters SAN stand for in networks?

(d) Name a device that changes digital data into analogue signals and analogue signals to digital data.

(e) Give one example of crime committed using computers.

(a) State two differences between a Local Area Network (LAN) and a Wide Area Network (WAN).

(b) Give two advantages that a wireless network has over a wired network.

(c) Give two reasons why it is advisable to avoid downloading any free software from the internet?

(d) What program in an internet browser is used to search for information?

(e) Why is downloading of information from a website sometimes slow?